

# THE STATE REPUBLICAN

JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY EVENING.

G. S. ROBBINS, Business Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1. A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

SAMPLE COPIES FREE.

Entered at the Postoffice at Jefferson City, Mo., as second class matter.

Thursday, June 2, 1892.

## Newspaper Law.

SEC. 2. If a person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publishers may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not. There can be no legal discontinuance until the payment is made.

SEC. 3. The courts have decided that refusing to take a newspaper or periodical from the postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncollected for prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

Page..... \$25 per month  
One-Half Page..... 15 per month  
One-Quarter Page..... 10 per month  
Columns..... 8 per month  
Less than 1 column, 50 cents per inch per month.  
Discounts on yearly contracts.  
Locals 5 cents per line each insertion.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The 52d annual commencement of the State University will be held at Columbia, Mo., May 29, 30, 31 and June 1 and 2. The fall term begins September 6, 1892.

Sharp electric storms accompanied by heavy downfalls of rain have followed one another during successive nights of this week in this city.

Mr. Michael Baehes, father-in-law of Mr. C. Staats of this city, died at his home in Madison county, Nebraska, on Thursday of last week; aged, 87 years.

Mr. Hy Schmidt, the old reliable harness and saddle maker, can be found at the same stand with a full and complete line of the best goods at the lowest prices.

Early Risers, Early Risers. Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, dyspepsia and nervousness. A. BRANDENBERGER.

A scheme is on foot to accommodate women visitors to the World's Fair with "neat, comfortable, and respectable living quarters" for 30 cents a day. Je-whizz! All the women in the United States will be there; it will be cheaper to go than to stay at home.

Dandruff is due to an encrusted state of the skin. Hall's Hair Restorer quickens the nutritive functions of the skin, healing and preventing the formation of dandruff.

Editor STATE REPUBLICAN: Is not the Tribune ashamed of its action in accusing the board of education of partisanship? In view of the fact that three members of the present board were members of the board and of the majority when Messrs. Oldham and Kochitzky were elected to the positions they held until recently.

Does the Tribune maintain that our public school has from year to year improved during the time that Prof. Oldham has been in charge; and that its discipline and mode of instruction and the general reputation as a school of learning is better to-day than when he first took charge?

In the selection of Mr. Leslie, as an assistant, does it not occur to the Tribune, that perhaps the board acted upon the high recommendation given him when a candidate for school commissioner, that justified the board in so doing?

Now, as to partisanship, can it be gainsaid that the board, although with a clear republican majority, selected the teachers without regard to politics?

It is a fixed and immutable law that to have good, sound health one must have pure, rich and abundant blood. There is no shorter nor surer route than by a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. A. BRANDENBERGER.

## PERSONAL.

J. Ratcliffe who has been visiting in Miller county, stopped over in Jefferson City Thursday on his way to St. Louis.

Mr. Tom Harrison from Fulton, Mo., was in the city Thursday en route to St. Louis.

Dr. Temple and Mr. R. S. Harvey, of Eldon, were in town Monday day.

## Twin City Express.

St. Louis to Minneapolis, St. Paul and the northwest. The Burlington is "in it" and as usual at the front. Fastest time and the best service on record between St. Louis and the Twin cities. Pullman palace sleepers and all equipment the latest. Every meal en route served in elegant dining cars. Commencing May 30 the "Twin City Express" on the Burlington route will leave St. Louis daily at 10 a. m. Superb service and quick time, together with natural attractions which rival the celebrated Hudson river scenery, combine to make this not only the best but the only route for northern tourists.

## The world is better for it.

The world is better because of such a remedy as Ballard's Snow Liniment, because it relieves it of much pain and misery, and we are thus enabled to enjoy its brighter side. It positively cures all forms of rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, sick headache, lame back, all sores and wounds, cuts, sprains, bruises, stiff joints, corns, cracked muscles, neuralgia, corns, warts, and all pain and all infirmities on man or beast. It is the best because it is the most penetrating. Beware of all white liniments which may be peddled as you go for Ballard's Snow Liniment. There is none like it. Sold by A. Brandenberger.

## INGALLS AT JEFFERSON CITY.

Glowing Tribute Paid to the G. A. R. by the Ex-Senator.

The Government Still a Debtor to the Old Soldiers.

The War, Its Causes and Effect—Patriotism of the Men of this North—Cost of the Conflict in Blood and Treasure—Duty of the Hour.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 30.

Decoration day was observed here in the usual manner, but an attractive feature of the occasion was an address from Hon. John J. Ingalls, of Kansas. Owing to inclement weather, the address was delivered this evening in the hall of the house of representatives. The hall was crowded almost to suffocation, and Mr. Ingalls delivered an address that pleased every one. Substantially he said:

"My military service was so brief, inglorious and obscure that I always feel a sense of apprehension in addressing an assemblage of soldiers. I was in two or three companies and under fire, and I assure you that I was as badly terrified as if I had been in every engagement from Bull Run to Appomattox. In one of the engagements I saw a Missouri battery prepare to open fire on the position we occupied. During that time the minutes were prolonged into hours and hours into eternity of time and I remember distinctly of observing that the rocks and trees were inadequate to the demands of the occasion. But I feel that there is a bond of trepidation between us all. I was certainly as frightened as any man who served in the war and if a man is entitled to recompense on the ground of being scared I am entitled to as much pension as any one who lived through the war.

"I accepted with gratitude the invitation of James A. Garfield post of this city, to celebrate with them the anniversary commemorative of those who gave the full measure of their devotion that you and I may enjoy what we have. It is a source of gratification that I am permitted to address comrades of the G. A. R. and explain what the organization means. It is a source of gratification that at this capital the avocations of life are suspended and the people are assembled to commemorate the day. It is the cause for which men died that induces this assemblage here to-day, and the nation scatters flowers of benediction over their graves. Of what avail is life or land if freedom fails.

"I do not apologize for the existence of the G. A. R. or its organization, or right to exist, but there is prevalent a disposition to question the propriety of survivors of the late war associating together to relate incidents of the war and review old ties. There is an objection to the badges and a perpetuation of the memories of the conflict. I do not so read the objects of the G. A. R.

"I stand here against all challenges and accusers to affirm that the G. A. R. is the most patriotic of all organizations. The Fourth of July is a day that perpetuates that which might better be forgotten, but who dare say that the Fourth of July shall be known no more? The G. A. R. commemorates events of a most heroic and indispensable conflict.

"What would be the condition of Missouri to-day if the men whose graves were decorated had not given their lives, or the men who either wear this uniform or sleep in their silent graves? There would have been no Union, no United States and the name would have been blotted from the map of the world. Had they not felt we should to-day have celebrated a government founded upon slavery, rebellion and disloyalty. But for them the constitution of the United States would be an antiquated thing to be purchased only at some second hand book store. In place of a Union we would have a mass of petty dynasties, a wreck, a ruin and a desolation to which tyrants could point with derision.

"There is no explanation necessary for the existence of the G. A. R. I do not think that the contest was one in which no one knew whether he was right or wrong. It was not a war between the states, but between those who believed in liberty and those who wished to destroy it. Missouri was not out of the Union as she was represented in the Federal congress during the entire struggle. Those of her sons who fought for the Union did so because they loved it, and those who fought against it did so because they hated it.

"Palsied be the tongue of the one that attempts to say that no one could tell whether it was right or wrong to fight against the Union. Which is right slavery or freedom? Immortally right were the men who fought to preserve the flag as a symbol of a great country, and gave their lives that we might live under the flag and be citizens of the nation. I have no doubt that those who opposed us thought they were right, but I maintain against all that it becomes the duty of history and patriotism that the young should be taught that those who saved the Union were right.

"If these men did not give their lives for the right, then the war had no more dignity than is attached to the result of a prize fight. Wars have been waged for dynasties and thrones, but those whose graves were decorated died that all men might be free. Recognizing that the fatherhood of God establishes the brotherhood of man, we have built a government of loyalty, charity and justice. These are the principles of the G. A. R., but it has been challenged on other grounds.

"It is said that the surviving soldiers have made too great demands upon the munificence and charity of the nation. We have paid gigantic sums—\$1,200,000,000 but I don't question that justice has not yet been done. I predict that before the ledger has been closed there will have been as much disbursed to the surviving soldiers as was expended in suppressing the rebellion. I don't favor injudicious expenditures but I am astonished at the complaint about pensions. There was a time when the Union soldiers could have had anything they wanted. They held in their grasp more than Caesar, more than Napoleon, they held the sword and the purse of this nation."

Mr. Ingalls delivered a glowing eulogy on the last review of the army before it was disbanded. The unconquered army that had carried the battleflags from Gettysburg to the Gulf, and then conquered itself by refusing to seize the property of the conquered, although entitled to it under the rules of war and when within their powder to do so. This, the speaker said, was a proud triumph for the men who were entitled to these great results, but conquered themselves, and then quietly resumed the duties they had abandoned years before. The speaker then returned to the question of the claims of the soldiers on this government.

"His claim," said Mr. Ingalls, "is based on justice. It was a part of his service. He fulfilled his contract, and the government should not do less. The common soldiers were paid from \$13 to \$16 per month and were allowed \$40 to \$45 per year for clothing. The rations, when they got them, were worth about \$7.50 per month. In all, an able bodied soldier received, directly or indirectly, about \$1,360 for thirty-six months' service and the government assumed to contribute to his support in case of disability or to his relatives in case of death.

"But the soldier suffered financial loss. At home he would have earned at the rate of wages paid \$700 per year, or \$2,100 for three years, and thus each soldier who served three years practically donated not less than \$1,000. Of the three year men there were 2,320,272, and to offset their loss there is still due \$1,000,000,000. This is due by just book-keeping and payable. It is an honest debt and can only be avoided by repudiation. The bondholders were treated differently. They were paid \$1,000,000,000 more than this.

"It is said that the pension laws exceed all just bounds, and that modern history affords no such examples of munificence on a part of a government. There was no war like it. From April, 1861, to May, 1865, there were 2,661 battles fought, there were 119,070 killed, 275,000 wounded and 400,000 deaths occurred from various causes pertaining thereto. In the war between France and Germany the latter only lost 28,277 killed and 85,000 wounded. We lost more than Europe combined has lost since the battle of Waterloo. More than Great Britain has lost in all the battles fought during the past 500 years.

"Our government has fallen short of its duty. I believe that I was the originator of the arrears of pension act. It passed the senate on my motion, and I have since been denounced as the most picturesque robber of the century, but it did not go far enough. Justice never will be done by the government until arrears of pensions are paid to every one from the date of his pension, and justice will not be done until every soldier is placed on the pension rolls on account of his service.

"Recently it was my good fortune to visit the South. At Atlanta, I looked upon the dark forests through which Sherman marched to the sea, and I traced the battlefields from Atlanta to Chickamauga and Chattanooga. I was at Montgomery one midly moonlight night and looking up in that strange light I saw the grand column erected to the government that was, I stood in New Orleans and gazed on the bronze effigy of a great military leader of the South, and the equestrian statue of Albert Sidney Johnson. I am not here to criticize those exhibitions. I honor and revere the South for its devotion to its leaders.

"If they did not perpetuate the memory of victories and defeats they would be unworthy of being called American citizens. Had I been a Southern man I would doubtless have done as they did. Had the stars and bars succeeded I would have kept the old flag and told my children how I loved it. But history was not written that way. On my trip in the South I didn't see anything to commemorate the memory of any Union soldier, Lincoln, Grant, Sheridan, or any one.

"But if history shall not be rewritten, the names of these great men and the great principles for which they fought shall be perpetuated, and they must be perpetuated by the Grand Army of the Republic, for it will be done nowhere else, and they can be perpetuated without impugning the motives of those who are inseparably united with us.

"No man now wants slavery or secession. I have sometimes thought a foreign war would be a good thing to weld the country.

"Then all would unite to help thrash a foreign foe. We have but one enemy, and that is Great Britain. May war ever be averted, but if we ever do have a war, I hope it may be with Great Britain. I hope their insincerity may some time be remembered. Then I know all would unite to perpetuate the country."

In conclusion, Mr. Ingalls paid a very pretty tribute to the energy of the soldiers of both armies in helping to restore prosperity to the country since the war. His speech was well received and highly complimentary. To-night his room at the Monroe house was crowded with visitors, mostly old soldiers.

### Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

## THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Principal and Teachers Elected.

The board of education met on Thursday night of last week and elected a principal and assistant and teachers for the ensuing school year. Much interest was manifested in the meeting, because of rumored changes that were contemplated by the board. It was rumored that Prof. Oldham would be succeeded by Prof. White and that other changes would be made. The board met at the City Hotel parlors, and when the report of the proceedings was given out it was apparent that the rumors had been well founded. Prof. Oldham was succeeded by Prof. White late principal of the California, Mo., public school; Prof. Kochitzky was succeeded by Prof. Leslie, and others who taught last year and were relieved are Miss Julia Epps, Jennie Curry, Zue Gordon and Edith Rhodes.

The following is a complete list of those elected:

Prof. J. U. White, principal; assistant, J. L. Leslie; Miss McCracken, Mrs. Holmes, Miss Lala Murphy, Miss Virgie Mayo, Miss Droste, Miss Bohn, Miss Murray, Miss Andrae, Miss Miller, Miss Shockey and Miss Harlan. This gives Professor White a new corps of teachers and every opportunity to sustain the high recommendations that were held by him from prominent educators in all parts of the state. Prof. White has the reputation of being an exceptionally fine disciplinarian and he will no doubt prove very successful.

It is a truth in medicine that the smallest dose that performs the cure is the best. Dr. Witt's Little Early Risers are the smallest pills, will perform the cure and are the best.

A Leader. Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, and now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and nervines—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of stomach, liver or kidneys. It will cure indigestion, constipation, and drive malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50c per bottle. Sold by A. Brandenberger.

The democrats in congress should try to get together on the appropriation question before the campaign opens.

Governor Flower has reached the "I-want-to-be-left-alone" stage in his political career, and that Hill collar is becoming very disagreeable.

If dull, spiritless and stupid; if your blood is thick and sluggish; if your appetite is capricious and uncertain, you need a Sarsaparilla. For best results take Dr. Witt's.

THE BEST OFFER MADE BY A NEWS-PAPER. Kansas City Journal Campaign Rates—Weekly Journal and Agricultural until Jan. 1st, 1893, 25c—Daily and Sunday Journal until December 1st, 1892, \$3.00.

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McEire's Wine of Cardui and THEOBALD'S BLACK DRAUGHT are for sale by the following merchants in Jefferson City:

G. A. FISCHER.  
DEWEY & SON.  
A. BRANDENBERGER.

Executors Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, That Letters Testamentary on the Estate of Mary Vliereberghe, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 18th day of April, 1892, by the Probate Court of Cole County, Missouri. All persons having claims against said Estate, are required to exhibit them for allowance to the executor within one year after the date of said letters, or they be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they shall be forever barred.

Notice of Administrator De Bonis Non. NOTICE is hereby given, That Letters of my predecessor, as Administrator of the Estate of John Vliereberghe, deceased, having ceased to have any legal force on the 18th day of April, 1892, by reason of death of predecessor, Letters of Administration de Bonis Non were granted to the undersigned on said Estate, on the 18th day of April, 1892, by the Probate Court of Cole County, Missouri.

THE BEST OF ALL IN LEAVENING POWER.—LATEST U. S. GOV'T REPORT.

# Royal Baking Powder

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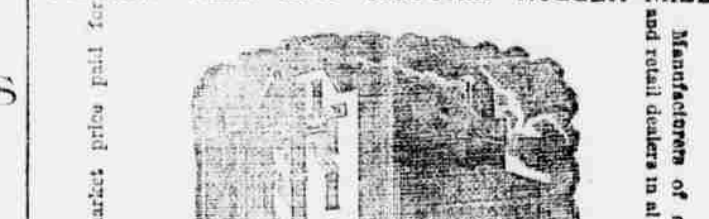
A woman may sew, and a woman may spin, And a woman may work all day, But! when CLAIRETTE SOAP comes into her house Then vanish all troubles away.

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2,000 References. Name this paper when you write